



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

61
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
Washington, D.C. 20231
www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/031,579 | 01/17/2002 | Jyrki Kaitila | 297-010745-US(PAR) | 6350 |

2512 7590 04/04/2003

PERMAN & GREEN
425 POST ROAD
FAIRFIELD, CT 06824

[REDACTED] EXAMINER

BUDD, MARK OSBORNE

[REDACTED] ART UNIT [REDACTED] PAPER NUMBER

2834

DATE MAILED: 04/04/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

| | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|
| Application No. | 10/031579 | Applicant(s) | Kaitila et al |
| Examiner | M. Budd | Group Art Unit | 2834 |

—The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet beneath the correspondence address—

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default, expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- Responsive to communication(s) filed on _____.
- This action is FINAL.
- Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

1 - 35

- Claim(s) _____ is/are pending in the application.
- Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- Claim(s) 1 - 35 is/are rejected.
- Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction or election requirement

Application Papers

- The proposed drawing correction, filed on _____ is approved disapproved.
- The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are objected to by the Examiner
- The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d)

- Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d).

All Some* None of the:

- Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
- Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
- Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received
in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))

*Certified copies not received: _____

and 6 (6-14-07)

Attachment(s)

- Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s). 3 (1-17-07) Interview Summary, PTO-413
- Notice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892 Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152
- Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948 Other _____

Office Action Summary

Art Unit: 2834

Claims 6 and 17-21 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

These claims are vague and indefinite. In claim 6, it is unclear what is structurally being defined with references to a “infinitely long rectangular resonator---” which does not exist. In claim 17, it is unclear what distinguishes “patterned” vs. “Uniform thin film” also, the last line “which consists of is a ---” does not read properly thus, the metes and bounds of these claims cannot be determined.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claim 1, 3, 7, 11-16, 22, 24, 27 and 33-35 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Hirama.

Note figs 1(b) and 13-21 clearly shows the electrode having a raised rim area (frame-like structure). It is noted that the references to relative cut-off frequencies are statements of intended function which add no specific structure to the combination claimed.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

Art Unit: 2834

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

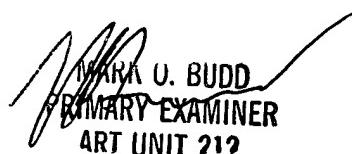
Claims 8-10, 17-21, 23, 25, 26 and 28-32 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hirama.

Hirama teaches the resonator structure except the electrodes and frame-like area are shown as one integral (monolithic) element. However, it has long been held that making parts integral or separable is within the skill expected of the routineer. Thus to construct the electrode/frame of separate layers and/or materials would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Further cited of interest are Pensala Nakayama, Ella and Muller.

M BUDD/pj

04/02/03


MARK U. BUDD
PRIMARY EXAMINER
ART UNIT 212